SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8001 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (EC/ECT/CE/DC/ES) Examination May/June 2017 Advanced Digital Signal Processing (Revised)

[Time	: Three Hours]	[Max Marks :80
	Please check whether you have got the right question paper.	
N.B	i)Q.No. 5 & Q.No.10 are compulsory.	4000
	ii)Attempt any two questions from Q.1 to Q.4	
	iii)Attempt any two questions from Q.6 to Q.9	4667577
	iv) Assume suitable data.	25 4 6 V 3 V 3 V 3 V 3 V 3 V 3 V 3 V 3 V 3 V
	Section A	900 P
Q.1	A. Explain simple FIR digital Filter in detail.	07
	B. Explain Inverse system in detail.	08
Q.2	A. $X(n) = [4,-1,3,2,-3,2,4,5,-2]$ determine and draw down sample version for D=3, D=4	08
	B. Explain sampling rate conversion by rational factor.	07
Q.3	A. Explain design of IIR Filter using pade approximation in short.	06
	B. Implement two stage decimator with following specification.	09
	Fs=20,000 Hz D=100 , passband = 0 to 50 Hz	
	Transition ripple = 0.01	
	Stopband ripple = 0.002	
Q.4	A. Explain Computational complexity of digital Filter structure.	06
	B. Explain Interpolation process in detail.	09
Q.5	Write short note: (Any two)	10
	A)Least square design method	
	B)Decimation by integer Factor	
	C) Algebraic stability test.	
	Section B	
Q.6	A. Explain relationship between Filter parameter and the autocorrelation sequence.	09
	B. Explain IIR Wiener Filter.	06
Q.7	A. Give the expression far power spectrum estimates of AR, MA & ARMA modes.	08
600	B. Explain forward & backward linear prediction in short.	07
Q.8	A. Explain use of adaptive filter in echo cancellation.	08
000	B. Explain LMS algorithm	07
Q.9	A. Explain Autoregressive (AR) & moving average (MA) process.	08
	B. What are power spectrum? Explain Welch, Bartlett methods.	07
Q.10	Write short note: (Any two)	10
\$ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	A) Burg Method	
	B) Adaptive channel equalization	
الم المرار	C) Advantage of FIR adaptive Filter.	

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8009 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (Control System Engg.) Examination May/June 2017 Advance Control Theory (Revised)

[Time: Three Hours] [Max Marks:80] Please check whether you have got the right question paper. i) Attempt any two question each from section A and section B N.B ii) Figure to the right indicates full marks Section A a)Explain – field and vector space w.r.t 10 Q.1 i) Axioms / conditions hold by them ii) one example of each illustrating how they fulfill axioms as ,mentioned in (i) b) A state space model { A, B, C, D} of a system is given as below: 10 $A = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} ; B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} ; C = [-1 -10] D = 0$ Determine the controllability and obesrvability of a system a) Prove that – "In an 'n' – dimensional liner space, any set of 'n' linearly independent vectors forms a 10 Q.2 basis" 10 b) Explain the concept of controllability, reachability, observability and constructability Q.3 a) Find rank, nullity, modal matrix and Vandermonde matrix for given matrix A, 10 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 10 b) Explain controllable and uncontrollable system with example. Also comment on the subspace

Section B

Q.4 a) Consider the dynamical system 10

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} X + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} u$$

Design a state feedback controller so that closed loop poles are placed at s= -3 and s = -4b) Explain generalized Nyquist and inverse Nyquist criterion

10

Q.5 a) What are the different types of state observers? Explain 10

b) Consider a 2 x 2 MIMO system with T.F.

10

G(s) =
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{4}{(s+1)(s+2)} & \frac{-0.5}{(s+1)} \\ \frac{1}{(s+2)} & \frac{2}{(s+1)(s+2)} \end{bmatrix}$$

- i) Find Smith McMillan Form
- ii) Build a RMFD for the model
- a) What are the effect of state feedback on controllability and observability? Explain Q.6

10

b) Obtain state space realization from T.F

10

G (s) =
$$\frac{1}{s+2}$$
 $\begin{bmatrix} s-1 & 4\\ 4.5 & 2(s-1) \end{bmatrix}$

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8013 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (Electrical Power System) Examination May/June 2017 Electrical Machine Analysis & Modeling (Revised)

[Time: Three Hours] [Max Marks:80] Please check whether you have got the right question paper. i) Attempt any two question from each section N.B ii) Assume suitable data wherever necessary iii) Figure to the right indicate full marks Section A Q.1 a) Derive the voltage equation of liner magnetic circuit. Also draw the equivalent circuit 10 b) Derive the relation to find winding inductance in 3-ph, 2-pole symmetrical induction machine 10 Q.2 10 a) Derive the voltage equation in machine variables for D.C. shunt machine b) Explain dynamic performance of D.C machine during sudden change in load 10 Q.3 a) Explain the equation of transformation 10 b) Apply Qdo transformation to the inductive element 10 Section B a) Derive the equation of transformation for rotor circuit of symmetrical induction machine 10 Q.4 b) Explain the dynamic performance of symmetrical induction machine during a 3 phase fault and machine 10 terminal Q.5 a) Derive the voltage equation in machine variables of 2- pole, 3-ph salient synchronous machine 10 b) Explain the dynamic performance of synchronous machine during sudden change in input torque 10 Q.6 a) Explain Hydraulic turbine and their governor system 10 b) Explain basic load modeling concept and explain any one model 10

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

M.E. (Electrical Drives & Control) Examination May/June 2017 Modern Control Theory

	(Revised)	1003
[Time : T	'hree Hours] (Neviseu)	ks :80
N.B	Please check whether you have got the right question paper. i) Q.1 from section A and Q.6 from section B are compulsory. Solve any two questions from remaining from each section. ii) Assume suitable data if necessary.	
	Section A	
Q.1 (a)	For $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & -1 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} b = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ Find representation of A with respect to the basis [b, Ab, A ² b]	05
(b)	Find Eigen values & Eigen vectors $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 \\ -12 & -7 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$	05
Q.2 (a)	Obtain SS model in controllable and observable canonical form. $\frac{Y(S)}{u(S)} = \frac{S+6}{S^2+5S+6}$	08
(b)	Obtain transfer function from $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -4 & -2 \end{bmatrix} B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	07
Q.3 (a) (b)	$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -4 & -3 \end{bmatrix} B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ Obtain $\lambda = m^{-1}$ Am for $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -11 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$	08 07
	What is STM? Derive properties.	
Q.4 (a) (b)	Explain design of observer based state feedback control.	08 07
Q.5 V	Show that system cannot be stabilized if $u = -kx$ For $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ Write short notes on:- (i) Limit cycle (ii) SS model of physical system. (iii) Servo system design	15
	Section -B	
Q.6 (a) (b) Q.7 (a) (b)	V	05 05 08 07
Q.8 (a)	Obtain state feedback control.	08

80

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -11 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S_{1,2} = -1 \pm j \; , \quad S_3 = -5$$

Represent in SS form and find Observability $\frac{Y(s)}{u(s)} = \frac{10}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)}$

	(b)		u(s)	(5+1)(3+2)(3+3)	7
Q.9	(a)	What is asymptotic stability? Explain.		(\$+1)(3+2)(3+3)	8

(b) Derive condition of state and output controllability.

Q.10 Write short notes on:-

07

08

07

15

- (i) Isocline method
- (ii) Minimal state observer designs(iii) Optimal controller design

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8019 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (EC/ECT/CE/DC/ES) Examination May/June 2017 Advanced Digital Communication System (Revised)

[Time	: Three I	Hours]	1ax Marks :80
N.B		Please check whether you have got the right question paper. i. Q. No. 05 and Q. No. 10 are compulsory. ii. Solve any two questions from remaining questions in each section. iii. Figures to right indicate full marks. iv. Assume suitable data wherever necessary. Section A	
Q.1	a) b)	Draw and explain a block diagram of DCS in detail. Explain M. orthogonal and Bi – orthogonal signals.	07 08
Q.2	What i	is pulse analog modulation? Explain its various types in detail.	15
Q.3	Explair	n various methods of coherent detection in detail.	15
Q.4	a) b)	Write a short note on GMSK. Explain ML and MAP detection.	07 08
Q.5	Write a) b) c)	a short note on (any two) QPSK Matched filter Bit error rate.	10
		Section B	
Q.6	Explair	n the pulse shaped design for channels with ISI.	15
Q.7	What a	are the various techniques of synchronization? Explain MMSE and spectral line methods in d	letail. 15
Q.8	Explair	n receiver performance over fading channels in details.	15
Q.9	a) b)	Write a short note on characteristics of fading channel. Explain symbol and sequence detection.	07 08
Q.10	Write a) b) c)	a short note on (any two) Viterbi algorithm Modified duo-binary pulses Symbol error rate.	10

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

M.E. (Control System Engg.) Examination May/June 2017 Advance Processes Control

(Revised)

[Time :]	Three Hours]	[Max Marks :80]
	Please check whether you have got the right question paper.	
N.B	i) Question 1 and 6 are compulsory.	0,000
	ii) Attempt any two questions from each section.	50000 VX VX VX
	iii) Assume suitable data if necessary.	25 45 45 45 45 VX
	Section A	
Q.1	Attempt any five (brief answer):-	10
Ψ	1. What is resolution & dead zone?	
	2. What are methods of error analysis?	7
	3. What are systems of transducer?	
	4. What is unit operation?	
	5. What is material balance?	
	6. What is tuning of controller?.	
	7. What is controlled, manipulated variable.	
	8. State applications of Actuators.	
Q.2	What are major steps in control system design? Explain with example.	15
Q.3	Explain with example materials of energy balance.	15
Q.4	What are different types of heat Exchangers? Explain any one with control system.	15
Q.5	Write short notes on:-	15
Q.5	(i) Process degree freedom	13
	(ii) Generalized measurement systems.	
	(iii) Evaporator.	
	Section-B	
Q.6	Attempt any five (brief answer):-	10
	1. What reset control?	
	2. What is two position control?	
	3. State specifications of crystallizer.	
	4. What are gross errors?	
6350	5. What is process safety?	
87 20 63 S	6. What is dynamic response?	
200 A	7. What are optimum settings?	
	8. State limitations of PID controllers.	
Q.7	What are different control strategies? Explain feed forward & ratio control system with exan	nple. 15
Q.8	What are hydraulic controllers? Explain and derive transfer function of Hydraulic PI controlle	•
Q.9	What are tuning methods? Explain.	15
Q.10	Write short notes on:-	15
	(i) Electronic PID controller	13
SON WIN	(ii) Control valve	
A COST	(iii) CSTR	

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8031 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (Electrical Power System) Examination May/June 2017 Power System Planning & Eco. Operation (Revised)

[Time : Three Hours] [Max Marks :80]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B		i) Solve any two questions from each section.	50 0 V
		ii) Assume the suitable data wherever necessary.	
		Section A	30.00
Q.1	(a)	Explain aims of medium term strategy and short term strategies.	10
	(b)	What do you understand by integrated resources planning explain.	10
Q.2	(a)	Draw and explain the organization of power industry in India.	10
	(b)	Explain the electricity supply act 1948.	10
Q.3	(a)	Write the simulation programs for system planning.	10
	(b)	Write and explain all the forecasting techniques with diagram.	10
		Section B	
Q.4	(a)	Write in brief about reactive load forecast.	10
	(b)	Discuss and derive the area frequency response characteristics of two area systems.	10
Q.5	(a)	What is decentralized control? Explain.	10
	(b)	Discuss in brief system interconnection and integrated operations.	10
Q.6	(a)	Discuss Quasi-saturation compensation and dynamic compensation.	10
É	(b)	In a two bus system if P_{g_A} and P_{g_B} are the respective generations of power at buses A and B and, and if	10
200 P		P_{D_A} and P_{D_B} be the power demands, neglecting line loss in the interconnection, find an optimal load	
2,00	ST OC	dispatch schedule for the system provided the cost functions are given by,	

$$F_{C_A}(P_{g_A}) = \gamma_A + \beta_A P_{g_A} + \alpha_A P_{g_A}^2$$
 Rs/hr

$$F_{C_B}(P_{g_B}) = \gamma_B + \beta_B P_{gB} + \alpha_B P_{g_B}^2$$
 Rs/hr

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8034 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (Automation) Examination May/June 2017 Sensor Technology (Revised)

[Time: Three Hours] [Max Marks:80] Please check whether you have got the right question paper. N.B i) Question No.1 and 6 are compulsory. ii) Answer any two questions from remaining questions each from Section A and Section B. iii) Numbers shown in right side indicates full marks. Section A Q.1 Answer the following questions in brief (Any five): 10 a) What are the specific installation problems for the measuring devices? b) What is meant by adjusted range in electronic and pneumatic transmitters? c) What is the need of auto null sensor amplifier? d) What is meant by offset voltage in LVDT? e) State working principle of ultrasonic tactile sensor? f)Draw a neat sketch of quarter bridge configuration in strain gauge measurement. Q.2 a) What is a measurement system? Explain with the help of a block diagram. 07 b) Explain working principle of different proximity sensor for position sensing. 80 Q.3 a) Explain servo-type accelerometer with the help of neat block diagram, specifications and applications. 07 b)Explain one of the sensor technologies for torque measurement. 80 a) What are the methods of force measurements? Explain any one in detail. 07 Q.4 b)Explain bonded, unbounded, metal and semiconductor strain gauges in context to structure, material, 08 range, specific characteristics? Q.5 a)Explain practical implementation of stain gauge in context to challenges during installation and 07 remedies? b)Explain smart transmitter with a neat block diagram and state its salient features as compared to 80 conventional transmitter. Section - B Q.6 Answer the following questions in brief (Any five) 10 a) Draw a neat diagram of u-tube type manometer. b) What is meant by static and dynamic pressure? c) What is Reynolds number? What is its significance? d) What are the types of thermistors? e)What are the present trends in smart sensors? f) What is the use of Gyroscope in robotic system? a) Explain with neat sketch the of McLeod Gauge. Explain Ionization gauge for principle of working 07 vacuum pressure measurement. b)With a neat diagram, explain the working of turbine flow meter and point out its advantages and 80 limitations? Q.8 a) What are the different types of differential pressure flow sensors? Explain any one in detail. 07 b) Explain any one mechanical type temperature sensor in detail. 80

Q.9	a) Explain terminologies like information coding and integrated sensors in smart sensors.	07
	b) Explain any two non-contact ranging sensors in context to working principle and their use in robot.	08
Q.10	a)Explain different configurations of Bourden tube and state the following in tabular form –	07
	typical sketch, range , material, application.	VE L
	b)Explain thermocouple in context to working principle, types, cold-junction compensation.	08

N.B

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8035

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

M.E. (Electrical Drives & Control) Examination May/June 2017 Power Electronics (Revised)

[Time : Three Hours] [Max Marks :80]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- i) Solve any two questions from each section.
 - ii) Use suitable data if required.

Section A

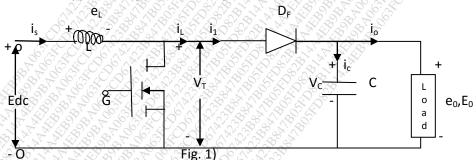
- Q.1 Derive to expression for the following performance factors of single phase fully controlled bridge converter.
 - i)input displacement factor
 - ii)input harmonic factor
 - iii)input power factor
 - iv)Voltage ripple factor
- Q.2 To input voltage to boost converter shown in fig 1) 5V. The average output voltage E_0 = 20V and average 20 load current I_0 = 0.5A. The switching frequency is 20 KHZ. To values of L=200 μ H and C=400 μ F. Determine
 - i)Duty cycle

and

ii)ripple current of inductor,ΔI

iii)Peak current of inductor, l2

iv)The ripple voltage of filter capacitor, Δ VC.



- Q.3 With the help of neat circuit diagram & wave form derive the expression for a Single phase transistorized square wave Full bridge inverter for the following.

20

20

20

- i)fundamental output voltage
- ii)inverter gain
- iii) rms output voltage
- Distortion & harmonic factor. Assume R load.

Section B

- Q.4 State the need for reduction of harmonics in inverters? Explain the various methods used for reduction of harmonics in inverters.
- Q.5 Explain why a three phase to single phase cycloconverter requires positive and negative group phase 20 controlled rectifiers. Under what conditions, the group work as inverters or rectifiers? How the firing angles of the two converters controlled?
- Q.6 Draw the block diagram of microprocessor based firing scheme for the three phase full bridge converter. Explain the firing angle control with the help of algorithm.

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8036 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (Electronics) Examination May/June 2017 Advanced Control System (Revised)

[Time	: Three H	lours]	ks :80
		Please check whether you have got the right question paper.	NO N
N.B		i) Q. No. 5 and Q.No.10 are compulsory.	39-9X
		ii) Solve any two questions fromQ.1, 2. 3, and 4 in section A	1330
		iii) Solve any two questions from Q .6, 7, 8, and 9 in section B	
		iv) Figures to the right indicate full marks	
		v) Assume suitable data wherever necessary and mentions it clearly	
		Section A	
Q.1	a) Fi	nd the response of a system represented by the differential equation	07
		$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dt} + 4y = 2r(t)$, where the intail conditions are	
	Υ(0)=1, $\frac{dy}{dt}(o)=0$, and $r(t)=1$, $t\geq 0$ also find the steady state response	
		plain in detail Mason 's signal flow gain formula	08
Q.2		What is the exact relationship between the static error constants and the steady state errors for	07
۷	ω,	ramp and parabolic inputs. Determine step, ramp and parabolic error coefficients	0,
	b)	A certain feedback control system is described by the following transfer function	08
	-,	G (s)= $\frac{K}{s^2(s+20)(s+30)}$; $H(s)=1$ determine steady state error coefficients.	
Q.3	a)	$s^2(s+20)(s+30)$ What does the Routh –Hurwitz criteria tell us?	07
Q .5	b)	Name sources of steady state errors	08
Q.4	a)	Briefly describe an advantages that space techniques have over root locus techniques in the	07
Ψ	۵,	placement of closed loop poles for transient response design	•
	b)	For a series RLC circuit identify a set of state variables and obtain a set a first order differential	08
	S.X	equations in terms of state variables and write the state differential equation	
Q.5	Write	short notes on <u>any two</u>	10
	a)	Transfer function of DC motor	
6	6 (b)	Mechanical accelerometer	
- 35°	(c)	Performance specifications in the frequency domain	
1.00°	d)	State transition matrix	
9080	2 00 00 V	Section -B	
Q.6	a)	When designing a lag-lead network what difference is there in the design of the lag portion as	07
Y Carlo	3000	compared to a separate lag compensator	
SALA	b)	Explain how phase lead design is done by Bode plot	80
Q.7	a)	Explain in detail when a system is side to be controllable	07
300	(b)	Consider a system described as the transfer function	80
2,4	3978	$T(s) = \frac{1}{s^3 + a_2 s^2 + a_1 s + a_0}$	
BAN	3,200	Draw the flow graph model for this system and find its matrix differential equation	
Q.8	(a)		07
1 20 N	. VA " X. 20	20 20 V V V V V X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	

	b)	Explain how stability analysis of a sampled system	can be done in z plane	08
Q.9	a)	Explain briefly how to find the static error constan	t from the Bode magnitude plot	07
	b)	Explain frequency response as applied to physical	system	- 08
Q.10	Write s	hort notes on <u>any two</u>		10
	a)	Relative stability with Nyquist criterion		901
	b)	Specifications in frequency domain		3,72
	c)	Z Transform		5,6
	d)	Mapping contours		

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8037 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (EC/ECT/CE) Examination May/June 2017 Detection & Estimation Theory (El-1 on EC) (Revised)

[Time: Three Hours] [Max Marks:80] 1. Q. No.1 & 6 are compulsory N.B 2. Solve any two questions from remaining questions in each section. Section A Q.1 05 a) Explain a linear and nonlinear estimation 05 b) Write a short note on 'correlation Receiver' in detection process Q.2 a) Explain in detail about basic concepts of detection theory used in communication systems 07 b) Explain performance bounds and approximation 80 Q.3 What do you mean by white Gaussian noise? explain detection of signals in white Gaussian noise by 15 employing a large receiver system Q.4 a) Explain Neyman-Pearson criterion in details 80 b) Explain composite hypothesis system in communication engineering 07 Q.5 a) Describe the various cases at the general Gaussian problems. 80 b) Explain binary hypothesis test in detail 07 Section B Q.6 Write a short note on 05 a) RADAR and SONAR system 05 b) Kalman filters a) Explain M-ary detection in white Gaussian noises Q.7 08 b) Explain detection and estimation in non-white Gaussian noise 07 Q.8 Describe with suitable block diagram a modulation system with memory 15

a) Explain the whitening property and relation of it with wiener-Hoff equation

80

07

15

i) Linear predictionii) Optimum filter.

b) Explain AR and ARMA lattice ladder filters

Explain the filters with respect to the following.

Also state their property

Q.9

Q.10

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

M.E. (Control System Engg.) Examination May/June 2017 Advanced Digital processing Systems (Revised)

[Time :	[Time : Three Hours]		s :80]	
		Please check whether you have got the right question paper.	160	
N.B		i) Q.No.1 and Q.No.6 are compulsory. Attempt any two questions from the remaining question each section	ns in	
		ii)Figures to right hand side indicates full marks.		
		Section A		
Q.1	a)	Give the classification of signals.	05	
	b)	State properties of DFT and compute the DFT of DT signal		
		x[n] =n 0≤n≤3	05	
		= 0 otherwise		
Q.2	a)	Compute the convolution of the DTS signal $x[n] = \{1212\}$ with $h[n] = \{121\}$ by using graphical method	08	
	b)	Derive the impulse Invariant transformation for transforming analog system to digital system	07	
Q.3	a)		80	
		x[n]={10101010}		
	b)	25 YO (2) 19 YM 95 YO 34 YO (3) YO (3	07	
		center of symmetry		
0.4	-1	at (N-1)/2 & N is even	00	
Q.4	-	Derive the relation between analog and digital poles of IIR filter using Bilinear transformation	08 07	
Q.5	a)	Write the different window functions with expression in FIR design Using all the representation way, represent the different standard signal in analog & discrete.	07	
Q.3	,	Compare the number computations required in direct DFT & FFT	07	
	2)	Section B	0,	
Q.6	al	In the IIR system given below the products are rounded to 4-bits (including sign bit)	05	
	13 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 3	$H(t) = \frac{1}{(1 - 0.15t^{-1})(1 - 0.43t^{-1})}$		
26				
13, 20, C	0,00	Find the output off noise power Direct form realization		
100 (3)	, h	a) What are wavelets? Give the expression for different types of wavelets.	05	
Q.7		What is multi resolution analysis? Give its usage in a signal processing application.	08	
25°25°3	V ()	What is a poly phase structure?	07	
	2000 L	perform poly phase decomposition to decompose into a 2- section	0.	
W. W. W.	6,60	$H(t)=0.2+0.7t^{-1}+0.8t^{-2}+0.15t^{-3}+0.6t^{-4}+0.31t^{-5}+0.5t^{-6}+0.4t^{-7}+0.9t^{-8}$		
Q.8	a)	consider the DT signal	08	
1,000	VY VY	x[n] = { 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12}		
	100 ST.	Determine the downsampled version of the signals for sampling rate reduction factor a) D=2 b) D=3		
SKOKK	(b)	Study the limit cycle behavior of the system described by w[n]=Q[aw[n-1]]+x[n]where w[n] is the		
A CO		output of the system and Q[.] is quantization Assume that Q=-0.875, x(0)=0.75 and x[n]=0for n>o	07	

	choose 4 bits for quantization		3000
Q.9	a) What is parseual's theorem? Define the terms so	caling function and wavelet function in Haar.	30
	b) The TF of an IIR filter is		07
	$H(t) = \frac{1 + 0.7t^{-1}}{1 - 0.9t^{-1}}$		200 D
	perform poly phase decomposition of H(t)to dec	compose into a) 2 section b) 4 Section	0,000
Q.10	Write short notes on any three		15
	 a) Process of upsampling with example. 		KIND K

- b) Product quantization noise model of 2nd order IIR system
 - d) Effect of finite register length in DFT computations.

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

M.E. (Embedded System) Examination May/June 2017 Design With Microcontroller

(Revised)

[Time : Three Hours] [Max Marks :80]

		Please check whether you have got the right question paper.	200
N.B		i) Q.No.5 and Q.No.10 are compulsory.	
		ii) Solve any two questions from Q.No.1 to Q.No.4.	9,6
		iii) Solve any two questions from Q.No.6 to Q.No.9.	300
		iv) Figures to the right indicate full marks.	8
		Section A	33
Q.1	(a)	List and explain the different processor status for AVR 82 bit microcontrollers.	08
Ψ.±	(b)	Draw and briefly describe the functions of Various registers i.e. Programmer's model for AVR 32 bit	07
0.3	(2)	microcontrollers.	00
Q.2	(a) (b)	Explain any four data transfer and load store instructions of AVR 32 bit microcontrollers giving examples. Write a small C/assembly instructions program for AVR 32 microcontroller for (i) Rotating a byte left by 4 bit	07
		(ii) Swap a byte in a registers	
Q.3	(a)		80
	(b)		07
Q.4		Draw and explain CPU core block diagram for PIC24FJ128GA010, a 16 bit microcontroller from microchip.	08
	(b)	Draw and explain architecture of AVR32 microcontrollers.	07
Q.5		Write short notes on any two:-	10
		(a) MMU for AVR	
		(b) Resister organization for PIC 24.	
		(c) Oscillator configuration for PIC24.	
		(d) AVR microcontroller.	
		Section B	
Q.6	(2)	Explain with examples the functioning and working of instructions from PIC24 microcontrollers.	08
Q.0	(a)	(i) Math's instructions	UO
		(ii) Logical instructions	
	(b)		07
Q.7	- V v. (Draw and explain the block diagram and working of RTC peripheral in PIC24.	08
Q.7	(b)	V, 2 N, 9 N, V D, V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	07
Q.8	V- CY	What do you understand by data acquisition and manipulation in an embedded system? How it is done in	
P. C.		PIC microcontrollers.	. 00
300	(b)	2, 45 YO (2), (V Yk, 45 74 74), (2), (2), (2), (2), (2), (3), (4), (4), (4), (4), (4), (4), (4), (4	07
Q.9	11001 6		08
V. V. V.	(b)	40, 4- 6- 12, VA 5- 7- 9- VA 70 VA 7	07
Q.10	V 4/1/	Write short notes on any two.	10
360	VY VY	(a) WDT for PIC	
\$ 60°	80	(b) I/O ports associated with PIC	
6	300	(c) Serial communication in PIC using I2C/SPI.	
570 C	TA B	(d) Keyhoard/display interfacing to PIC microcontrollers	

N.B

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8051 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

M.E. (Electrical Power System) Examination May/June 2017 Computer Aided Power System Analysis (Revised)

[Time : Three Hours] [Max Marks :80]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- i) Solve any two questions from each section.
- ii) Assume suitable data if required Section A
- Q.1 a) The one line diagram of a power system shown in Fig.1. the three phase power and line voltage ranges 10 are given below

Transformer:100MVA 23/115kv x=20%

Line: $Z=j65\Omega$.

Load bus2 (S_2)=150mw+j5MVAr. Load bus3 (S_3)= OMW+j20 MVAr.

It is required to maintain the voltage at bus 3 at 115<0° Kv. Detrmine

the voltage at buses 1&2

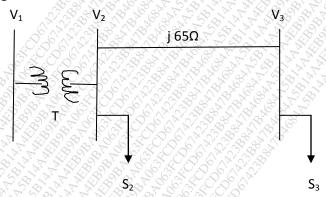


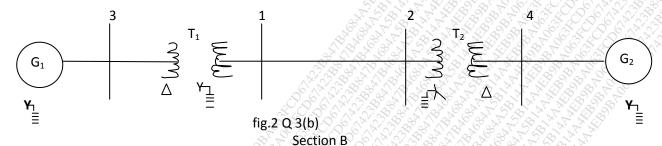
fig.1 Q 1(a)

b) Derive the symmetrical component for η phase system
 Q.2 a) Analyze the single line open fault
 b) Determine the sequence network for double line to ground fault on a three phase generator with fault 10 on phases b & c through an impedance Z_f to ground. Assuming the generator is initially on no load.
 Q.3 a) Derive the sequence impedance of three winding transformer.
 b) The reactance data for a power system shown in fig.2 in PU on a common base is as follows.

2017

Item	X^1	Χ²	X^0
G_1	0.1	0.1	0.05
G_2	0.1	0.1	0.05
T_1	0.25	0.25	0.25
T_2	0.25	0.25	0.25
Line 1-2	0.3	0.3	0.5

Compute the fault current in PU for a single file to ground fault at bus 1



- Q.4 a) What do you understood by change of symmetry? Explain its importance in analyzing unbalanced 10 faults.
 - b) What is kron's transformation matrix? Explain the use of this matrix to analyze SLG fault.
 - a) What is simultaneous fault? How to analyze simultaneous fault using two part network theory?
 - b) A simple power system is shown in fig with simultaneous faults indicated by X's at faults points F and 10 F'. the following system data is known:

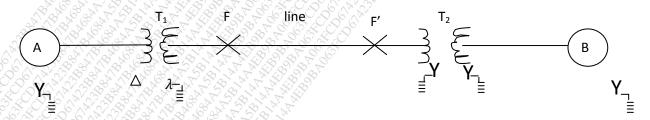
Generator(A): $Z_1''=Z_2=j 0.12$, $Z_0=j0.1$, $E_A=1.1<<30^\circ$

Generator(B): $Z_1'' = Z_2 = j \ 0.15$, $Z_0 = j \ 0.13$, $E_B = 1 < 0^\circ$

Transformer (T_1) $Z_1 = Z_2 = Z_0 = j0.10$

Transformer (T_2) $Z_1 = Z_2 = Z_0 = j0.12$

Transmission line $Z_1 = Z_2 = j0.5$, $Z_0 = j1.0$



20

Fig.3 Q.5(b)

- Q.6 Write short notes. (10x2)
 - i) Decoupled power flow method.
 - ii) Comparison of admittance and impedance matrix techniques.

2017

Q.5

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8054 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (Automation) Examination May/June 2017 **Advanced Electrical Drives** (Revised)

[Time : Three Hours] [Max Marks:80]

	Please check whether you have got the right question paper.	200
	i) Solve any three questions from each section	
	Section A	XXXX
Q.1 A	Explain different parts of Electrical drives.	07
В	Explain the classification of load torques.	08
Q.2 A	Draw & explain the analysis of the three phase fully controlled rectifier control of DC motor	08
В	Explain various braking of DC motor.	07
Q.3 A	A 220v, 960rpm, 12.8 A separately excited DC motor has armature circuit resistance & inductance of 2Ω 150 MH, respectively. It is fed from single phase half controlled rectifier with an AC source voltage of 230 V, 50Hz.	& 08
	Calculate : i) Motor torque $for \alpha = 60^{\circ}$ & speed=600 rpm	
	ii) Motor speed for $\alpha = 60^{\circ}$ & torque=20 N-m	
В	Explain various speed control methods of Induction motor (3Ø).	07
Q.4	Write the short notes for notes for any two	10
~	i. DC servo motor	
	ii. PLL control	
	iii. Closed loop position control.	
	Section B	
Q.5 A	Explain rotor resistance control of induction motor speed control.	07
В	What do you understand by voltage source inverter induction motor drives?	08
Q.6 A	Explain self controlled synchronous motor drive employing load commutated thyristor inverter	08
В	Draw the circuit connection for static scherbius drive and explain.	07
Q.7 A	Explain variable reduction motor features	07
В	Explain drive circuit for stepper motor	08
Q.8 A	Write a short notes for any two	10
BÓ	a. Brushless DC motor	
.8	h Wariahla fraguency cantral of susch mater	

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

M.E. (Electrical Drives & Control) Examination May/June 2017 Solid State Controlled Electrical Drives (Revised)

[Time : Three Hours] [Max Marks :80]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B i) Solve any two questions from each section.

Section A

		6,Vx,
Q.1 A	Explain chopper control of separately excited DC motor.	10
В	A 200 v , 875 rpm, 150A separately excited DC motor has an armature resistance of 0.06Ω . It is fed from a single phase fully controlled rectifier with an ac source voltage of 220v, 50 Hz. Assuming continuous conduction, calculate. i. Firing angle for rated motor torque and 750rpm	10
	ii. Firing angle for rated motor torque and (-500)rpm	
	iii. Motor speed for $\alpha=160^o$ and rated torque.	
Q.2 A	Explain the loading of an electric motor and its duty cycle with a simple diagram.	10
В	List various breaking of D.C motor, explain one of them in detail.	10
Q.3 A	Explain transient response of closed loop drives system	10
В	A 220v, 970 rpm, 100A D.C separately excited motor has an armature resistance of 0.05 Ω . It is braked by plugging from an initial speed of 1000 rpm calculate i) resistance to be placed in armature circuit to limit breaking current to twice the full load value ii) Breaking torque	10
	iii) Torque when the speed has fallen to zero	
	Section B	
Q.4 A	Explain in detail static rotor resistance control in Induction motor	10
В	A 440v, 50 Hz, 6pole, Y-connected wound rotor motor has the following parameters: R_s =0.5 Ω , R'_r =0.4 Ω X_s = X'_r =1.2 Ω , X_m =50 Ω , stator to rotor turns ratio is 3.5. Motor is controlled by static rotor resistance control. External resistance is chosen such that the breakdown torque is produced standstill for a duty ratio of zero. Calculate the value of external resistance .How duty ratio should be varied with speed so that the motor accelerates at maximum torque.	10
Q.5 A	Explain in detail about the closed loop speed control of 3-phase VSI fed induction Motor.	10
B	Explain how n induction motor is brought to stop by i. Plugging ii. Dynamic breaking	10
Q.6 A	Explain torque angle control of synchronous motor	10
B	Explain sub and super synchronous operation in Induction motor.	10

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8056 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (Communication) Examination May/June 2017 Advanced Radiation System (Revised)

[Time	e : Three Hours] [Max Mark	(S:8
	Please check whether you have got the right question paper.	, b. X
N.B	i)Solve two full question from each section	300
	ii) Assume suitable data (if necessary)	By
	iii) Figure to the right indicate full marks	,`
	Section A	
Q.1	a) What are planar antennas? How these differ from conventional (3D) antennas? Explain their design issues and constraints	s 08
	b) List the parameters which decide the antenna's performance Also briefly explain the measurement	
	techniques of each of these parameters	12
Q.2	a) Design 2 x2 CMSA array using corporate feed with following specification	14
	a= 15 mm, f = 5 GK ₂ , Er= 3.0, h = 1.6mm,	
	Redge = 150Ω dx = dy = $0.5 \lambda_0$	
	b) With suitable geometry explain the operation of cpw fed antenna	06
Q.3	Write short notes on	20
	i)c p w and micro strip feed	
	ii) Axial ratio	
	iii) Antenna efficiency & radiation efficiency	
	iv) cavity model	
	v) method of moments & MNM model	
	Section B	
Q.4	a) Explain end fire and broadside arrays	06
6	b) List and explain all possible technique of exciting circular polarization. Also explain the way of calculating AR bandwidth	14
Q.5	a) Why does micro strip antenna in its conventional form offers narrow bandwidth? Explain various	10
87.00 200.00	techniques to improve it.	
30 30 1, 30, 4	b) With neat sketch explain coplanar capacitive coupled probe fed microstrip antenna	10
Q.6	Write short notes on	20
V Y Y	i) Slot antennas	
S. W. Y.	ii) Active antennas	
782	iii) Miniaturized antennas	
800	iv) Handset & Base station antennas	
20 00	(C) A PARANU AU A (A) A (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A)	

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8059 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (Digital Communication) Examination May/June 2017 RF MEMS (Revised)

[Time: Three Hours] [Max Marks:80] Please check whether you have got the right question paper. i) Answer any two question from each section N.B Section A Q.1 a) What is photolithography? Explain steps of photolithography in detail. 10 b) Explain RF switches and micro relays with diagram explain series and shunt switches 10 Q.2 a) Explain dynamics of switching operation, derive the expression for switching speed 10 10 b) How shunt capacitive switches operate? Explain with diagram Q.3 a) How does PIN diode act as RF switch? Explain series Pin switch and shunt PIN switch, give application 10 b)What is micro machined inductor? explain in detail 10 Section B Q.4 a) Explain switched delay line phase shifter. write down the application of phase shifter 10 b) Write down design equation of micro machined transmission line .Explain in detail 10 Q.5 a) Write down principle of modeling of mechanical filter. Give mathematical modeling equation for 10 torsional mode rod resonator b) What is micro machined RF Filter? Explain electrostatic coupled beam structure 10 Q.6 a) Explain in detail micro machined filter using comb drive 10 b) Give the design expression for L W and edge (input) impedance of microstrip antenna. Design all the 10 parameters for E_r = 4.4 h = 0.78mm and f_0 = 10Gh₂

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8067 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

M.E. (Control System Engg.) Examination May/June 2017 Intelligent Control System (Revised)

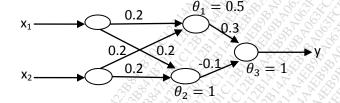
[Time : Three Hours] [Max Marks :80]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B i) Solve any two questions from each section.

Section A

Q.1	(a)	Explain in detail delta and perceptron learning rule?	10
	(b)	Explain multilayer ANN in detail?	10
Q.2	(a)	Explain the algorithm for EBP?	10
	(b)	Explain difference in delta and generalized delta learning rule?	10
0.3	(a)	Compute the output for following Neural network.	12



X ₁	\mathbf{x}_2	у
0,000	0	
	0	
1000	×1	
15,000	0	

(b) Explain direct adaptive and Model reference adaptive control based on NN?

08

Section B

- Q.4 (a) Explain classical relation and fuzzy relations in detail?
 - (b) Find the following:-

(i) AU B, (ii) A\cap B (iii) $\bar{A} \cup \bar{B}$ (iv) A\cap \bar{B} A= $\{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{0.3}{3} + \frac{0.4}{4} + \frac{0.8}{5}\}$

$$B = \left\{ \frac{0.3}{2} + \frac{0.6}{3} + \frac{0.4}{4} + \frac{0.7}{5} \right\}$$

- Q.5 (a) Explain the designing of PI like FKBC?
 - (b) Explain the defuzzification methods?
- Q.6 (a) Explain the structure of a FKBC?
 - (b) Explain the temp controller of heat exchanger using fuzzy logic controller?

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8073 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

M.E. (Electrical Power System) Examination May/June 2017 Power System Dynamics & Stability (Revised)

[Time : Three Hours] [Max Marks:80]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B i) Answer any two questions from each section.

ii) Assume suitable data, if required.

Section A

- Q.1 a) What is the classical model of a synchronous machine? What are the assumptions made in the classical 10 model? Explain the dynamic of a synchronous machine.
 - b) A single live diagram of a system is shown in fig 1.

10

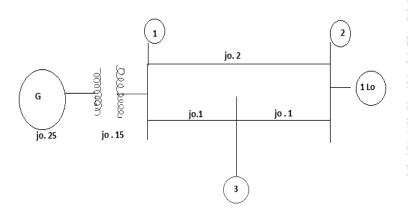


Fig 1. SLD for Q.# 1 (b)

All the values are in per unit on a common base. The power delivered into bus. 2 (an infinite bus having a voltage of \perp p. u.) 1.0p.u. at 0.80 power factor lagging. Obtain the power angle equation and swing equation for the system. Neglect all losses

- a) Explain the equal –area criterion for the stability of an alternator supplying infinite bus-bars via an 10 inductive inters connector.
- b) A loss free generator supplies 50 MW to an infinite bus, the steady-state limit of the system
 being 100 MW. Determine whether the generator will remain in reactance synchronism if the prime-mover input is abruptly increased by 30 MW.
- Q.3 a) For the synchronous generator explain
 - i) Direct axis synchronous -reactance
 - ii) Quadrature –axis synchronous- reactance
 - iii) Direct axis transients open-circuit time constant T'do
 - iv) Direct-axis transient start-circuit time constant T'd
 - b) Explain the flux-linkage state space modes of synchronous machine.

10

10

Q.2

Section-B

Q.4	a)	What are the main requirements of excitation system? Explain the brushless excitation system for synchronous generator.	12
	b)	Explain the role of Automatic voltage regulator in the operation of synchronous generator-in improving stability.	08
Q.5	a)	Explain the use of FACTS devices for power system stability- enhancement.	10
	b)	With the help of block diagram, explain the generator excitation system-dynamics.	10
Q.6	a)	Explain the phenomenon of sub-synchronous frequency oscillations in multi machine power system with reference to stability.	10
	b)	A 12 MVA, 5000 volts, 3 phase, 4 pole 50 HZ alternator is connected to infinite bus-bars. The short circuit current is 4-times the normal full load current and the moment of inertia of the rotating system is 22000 kg-m ² .	10
		Determine the frequency of oscillation of the generator system.	

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8076 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (Automation) Examination May/June 2017 Micro Controller & its Applications (Revised)

[Time: Three Hours] [Max Marks:80] Please check whether you have got the right question paper. N.B 1. Q.1 & Q. 6 are compulsory. Attempt any two questions from remaining in each section. 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Section A Q.1 Explain role of program counter –in 8051. 05 What is role of parity flag & overflow flag in 8051? b) 05 Q.2 Explain various selection criteria of micro controllers. 80 a) Explain various ports of 8051. Also, write a note on alternate use in expended mode. b) 07 80 Q.3 a) What is assembler? Explain benefits of assembly language programming. b) Write an ALP for -placing any numbers in internal RAM location 3 CH & increment it until the 07 number equals 2Ah Write a note on immediate addressing of 8051, with suitable example. 80 Q.4 a) 07 Explain working of pins RST, PSEN, EA, & ALE in detail. b) Q.5 a) Explain instruction for increment, decrement, multiplication & division used in ALP. 80 Write a detailed note on types of memory. 07 Section B a) Explain delay – cycle instructions with example. 05 Q.6 Explain CLR & RR instructions. 05 Q.7 How can we get the pulses at port bit P1.1 using toggling? Assume the pulse intervals are $100\mu s$ using 8 – bit T1 in 8051, where T = $1\mu s \& O/P$ is 0 for $50\mu s$ intervals & 1 for $50\mu s$ intervals. Draw related timing diagram. 80 Q.8 Write a note on serial communication interrupt of 8051. Write a note on serial communication in microcontroller. 07 Q.9 With the help of interfacing diagram of 8051 with LCD, program the LCD controller for 4 - bit mode for 15 using the controller pins 14 – 11 only fewer port bits. Q.10 a) Write a note on interfacing of 8051 to external memory. 80 Write a note on interrupt priority of 8051. 07

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

M.E. (Electrical Drives & Control) Examination May/June 2017 Advanced Digital Signal Processing

(Revised)

[Time	: Three H	ours]	Vlax Marks :80]
N.B		Please check whether you have got the right question paper. 1) Solve any three questions from each section. 2) Assume suitable data wherever necessary. Section A	
Q.1	a) b)	State & explain the properties of Fourier transform. Explain Nyquist criteria.	07 03
	c)	Explain Gibbs phenomenon.	03
Q.2	a)	Determine the following discrete times are 1) Static or Dynamic 2) Linear or Nonlinear 3) Time variant or time invariant 4) Causal or non-causal 5) Stable or unstable. Systems \rightarrow i. $y(n) = x(n) + 3x(n+4)$ ii. $y(n) = x(-n)$ iii. $y(n) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x(k)$ Prove that, 'shifting in time' and 'folding' operations. Are not commulative.	08
	b)	Prove that, 'snitting in time' and 'tolding' operations. Are not commutative.	05
Q.3	a) b)	Design a low pass FIR filter satisfy the following specifications.	10 sec. 03
Q.4	a)	For the analog transfer function $H(s)=\frac{1}{(s+1)(s^2+s+1)}$, Ddetermine H(z). using impulse invariance method. Assume $T=1sec$.	10
A COST	b)	What are the limitations of Impulse invariance method?	03
Q.5		short note on (any two) Warping effect & its remedy Filter structures. Matched z – transform method.	07 07 07

Section B

Q.6	a) b)	Draw & explain generalized architecture of digital signal processor. Write FIR filter algorithm for any general purpose digital signal.	08 05
Q.7	a)	Find the relation between $x(n) \& y(n)$ of a multirate system shown in fig.	07
		$X(n)$ $\downarrow 2$ $\uparrow 2$ $\downarrow 2$ $\uparrow 2$ $\downarrow 3$ $\downarrow 4$ $\downarrow 4$ $\downarrow 5$ $\downarrow 5$ $\downarrow 6$ $\downarrow 7$	
	b)	State and explain the identities of multirate sampling.	06
Q.8	a) b)	What is the need of adaptivity? Give two examples where adaptive filtering is used. Explain how Noise introduced in the system can be minimized.	07 06
Q.9	a) b)	Explain in detail real time, LMS adaptive filtering implementation. Explain polyphase decomposition of FIR fitter.	06 07
Q.10	Write	short note on (any two)	

07

07

07

General purpose architecture of DSPs.

Window HOFF LMS algorithm.

Arbitrating rate sampling rate converter

b)

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8079 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (Electronics) Examination May/June 2017 **El-1 Advanced Satellite Communication** (Revised)

[Time : Three Hours] [Max Marks:80]

N.B		Please check whether you have got the right question paper. i. Q. No. 5 & Q. No. 10 are compulsory. ii. Attempt <u>any two</u> question from remaining in each section. Section A	
Q.1	a)	Write a note on orbital spacing.	07
	b)	Write a note on faraday notation in the atmosphere.	08
Q.2	a)	Explain brief history of satellite communication.	07
	b)	How to calculate angle of evaluation?	08
Q.3	a)	What is transponder in satellite? Explain single conversion transponder for 6/4 GHz band.	07
	b)	What is bit rate, symbol rate, occupied bandwidth of the link?	08
Q.4	a)	What is atmospheric absorption? Explain cloud attenuation&tropospheric scintillation.	07
	b)	Explain coherent & non – coherent detection used for demodulation in satellite comm.	08
Q.5	a)	Explain rain effect on antenna Noise.	05
	b)	Write a note on link Budgets.	05
		Section B.	
Q.6	a)	What is system Nosie temperature? How does it affect the C/N & G/T ratios?	07
	b)	What is Carson's rule? Explain FM in satellite communication.	80
Q.7	a)	Explain QPSK modulator &demodulator in detail.	07
	b)	Explain TDMA frame structure.	08
Q.8	a)	Explain calculation of link margins for VSAT – STAR network.	07
	b)	Explain different antennas used in VSAT.	08
Q.9 🔊	(a)	Explain position location in GPS.	07
26 G G	5 b)	Explain DBS-TV receiver in detail.	80
Q.10	a)	Explain downlink design concept	05
2000	(de	FDMA	05

b) FDMA

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8136 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (EC/ECT/CE/DC/ES) Examination May/June 2017 Advanced Optimization Techniques (Revised)

	(nevised)	82 8 V V S T T C
[Time	e: Three Hours]	[Max Marks :80
	Please check whether you have got the right question paper.	
N.B	i) Solve any two questions from each section.	
	ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
	iii) Assume suitable data if necessary.	200 St 10 00 00.
	Section A	PL DO CHE
Q.1	a) Explain Design variables and variable bounds	10
Q.1		10
	b) Explain flow chart of the optimal design procedure	10
Q.2	a) Explain Bounding phase method with suitable example	10
	b) Solve using Region elimination method	10
	$f(x) = x^2 + 54/x$	
Q.3	a) Explain secant method in detail with suitable example	10
	b) Write a short note on (any two)	10
	i) Newton Raphson Method	
	ii) Exhaustive Search Method	
	iii) Internal halving method	
	Section B	
Q.4	a) Explain direct search method along with algorithm of Box's Evolutionary Optimization meth	od. 10
	b) Write a short note on (any two)	10
	i) Caushy's (steepest descent) method	
	ii) Sensitivity analysis	
	iii) Complex search method	
Q.5	a) Explain Gradient based method	10
Q.5	b) Explain Transformation methods	10
25 C	of Explains ransformation in Circuit	10
Q.6	a) Explain penalty function method	10
25 8 E	b) Explain differences between GA's and traditional method.	10
0 -01 01	5 70, 92 YO YO YA UNYA TAUNYA YA YA 180 TOA	

Q.1

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8148 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

M.E. (Electrical Power Systems) Examination May/June 2017 Advanced Power Electronics (Revised)

[Time : Three Hours] [Max Marks :80]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B Answer any two full guestions from each section.

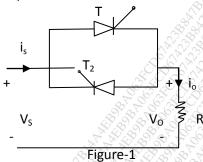
Section A

10

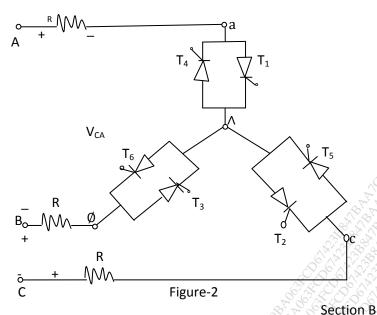
b. Describe half bridge and full bridge converters configuration. Enumerate its advantages.
 Q.2 a. what is the principle of phase control? Also derive the performance parameters of a single phase full wave ac controller with RL load.

a. What is the principle of operation of buck converter & explain its working with help of waveforms.

b. A single phase full wave ac voltage controller in figure I has a resistive load of R=10 Ω and the input voltage is V_s =120V (rms) 50Hz. The delay angles of thyristors T_1 and T_2 are equal $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha = \frac{\pi}{2}$. Determine (a) the rms output voltage V_o^2 . (b) The input Pf. (c) The average current of thyristors I_A and (d) the rms current of thyristors I_R



- Q.3 a. Explain working of single phase full wave controller with inductive loads? Draw the waveforms for the output 10 voltage v_0 and output current i_0 and voltage across T_1
 - b. A three phase ac voltage controller. Supplies a Y connected resistive load of R= 5Ω and the line to line input voltage is $V_s = 208V$ at 50Hz. Plot the PF against the delay angle α for (a) the full wave controller in figure 2



- Q.4 a. Explain all the gate drive techniques in detail
 b. Describe in detail the techniques for optimizing the base drive of a BJT.
 Q.5 a. Write the drawback of SPWM? Also describe and suggest other techniques offering improved performance with waveforms.
 b. A single phase full bridge inverter which uses a uniform PWM with two pulses per half cycles has a load of R=5Ω α=15 mH and C=25μF. The dc input voltage is V_s =220v. Express the instantaneous load current i₀ (t) in a Fourier series for m=0.8, f₀ =50Hz.
 Q.6 a. Explain the circuit operation and equivalent circuits of series resonant inverter
 b. A parallel resonant inverter delivers a load power of P =2Kw at a peak sinusoidal load voltage of V =170v and 10
- Q.6 a. Explain the circuit operation and equivalent circuits of series resonant inverter b. A parallel resonant inverter delivers a load power of P_L =2Kw at a peak sinusoidal load voltage of V_p =170v and at resonance. The load resistance is R=10 Ω . The resonant frequency is f_o =25KHz. Determine (a) The dc input current I_s (b) The quality factor Q_p if it is required to reduce the load power to 500w by frequency control so that μ =1.25 (C) the inductor I_s (d) The capacitor I_s

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M.E. (EC/ECT/CE/DC/ES) Examination May/June 2017

Audio Signal Processing & Coding (Revised)

[Time:1	[ime:ThreeHours]	
N.B	Please check whether you have got the right question paper. i) Q.No.5 from Section –A and Q. No.10 from Section – B are compulsory.	
	ii) Solve any two questions from Q. No.1,2,3, 4 from Section-A and any two questions from 8, 9 from Section – B. iii) Assume suitable data, if necessary	n Q. No.6,7,
	Section A	
0.4		
Q.1	a) Define Speech? Explain in detail the process of speech production.b) Explain voiced and unvoiced decision making of speech signal	08 07
Q.2	a) Explain pitch period measurement using spectral domain	08
	b) Write note on Wavelet transformation of speech	07
Q.3	a) Explain time domain model for speech processing in detail	07
۷.5	b) Explain the procedure for finding format frequencies using log spectrum	08
Q.4	a) Describe cepstral analysis of speech in detail	07
	b) What is auditory filter bank? How will you convert the frequency in Hz to frequently on MEL sca	le? 08
	Also explain MEL scale filter	
Q.5	Write short notes on (any two)	10
	i) Lossless Tube model for speech signal	
	ii) Audio file formats.	
	iii) Homomorphic processing.	
	Section B	
Q.6	a) With the help of block diagram explain delta modulation? Also state its advantages	08
	b) Give detail comparison of different Waveform coding techniques.	07
Q.7	a) Explain filter bank simulation method for short time analysis	08
	b) Describe in detail spectrographic display.	07
Q.8	a) Explain – i) Pitch detection and ii) Format estimation	08
(D) 06	b) Discuss in detail linear filtering interpretation of short time spectral analysis.	07
Q.9	a) With the help of diagram explain Dolby AC3 system.	08
32 ZO	b) Explain in detail emotion recognition from speech	07
300		40
Q.10	Write short notes on (any two)	10
W. L. K.	i)MPEG-2 advanced audio coding system	
BOLAR	ii) Multimode speech coding iii) HMM based speech recognition	

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M.E. (Electrical Power Systems) Examination May/June 2017 Digital Protection of Power System (Revised)

[Time: Three Hours] [Max Marks:80] Please check whether you have got the right question paper. 1. Solve any two questions from each section. N.B 2. Assume suitable data whenever required. Section A Q.1 Why digital protection is necessary? What are its advantages? Compare with electromechanical based 10 protection. Discuss an evolution of micro – processor and its history. What is current scenario? 10 b) Explain the amplitude comparator showing all input and its outputs. Q.2 10 a) b) How can A/D converter ADC 0809 be used to read any instantaneous value of ac voltages? Draw block 10 diagram and explain. 10 Q.3 Explain with neat diagram solid protection of transmission line. a) Explain with suitable example. The electromagnetic transient program. b) 10 Section B Q.4 a) Draw & explain CT modeling. 10 How DSP helps in power system protection? Explain with example. 10 b) Draw & explain configuration of microprocessor based control for load shedding. Draw flow chart. Q.5 10 a) b) Explain with neat diagram solid state protection for differential relay scheme. 10 Draw & explain configuration of microprocessor based control for distance protection scheme. Draw Q.6 a) 10 flow chart. How DFT employed for protection? What is its objective? Write Fourier representation of signals. 10

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8171 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (Electronics) Examination May/June 2017 Advanced Power Electronics (Revised)

[Time :	Three Hours] [Max Marl	ks :80]
N.B	Please check whether you have got the right question paper. i) solve any two question from each section ii) Assume suitable data wherever necessary iii) Figure to the right indicate full marks Section A	14 20 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
Q.1	a)What are the attributes of an ideal switch? Explain the testing procedure for measurement of thyristor parameters	
	b) Explain with near diagram speed control of induction motor using micro controller system	10
Q.2	a) With the help of suitable circuit diagram explain various protection of thyristor	10
	b)A three phase thyristor bridge with 400 V, 50HZ 3Ø supply is feeding a separately excited dc motor. The motor parameters are ; rated current 50 A, resistance 0.1 Ω , back emt constant 0.3 V / rpm. calculate: i) No load speed; if no load current is 5 A and firing angle is 30° ii) Firing angle to obtain speed of 1600 rpm at rated current	e 10
Q.3	a) Explain the operation of resonant series converter	10
	b) Explain in detail zero voltage switching method Section B	10
Q.4	a) What are the recent terms in development of variable speed drives? Explain	10
	b) A step down chopper has an input voltage of 200 V. it is feeding on RLE load having R = 2Ω , L = 10 mh, E = 20 V. The chopping cycle has a time period of 1000 μ s and thyristor is on for 300 μ s in each cycle, calculate: i) Find whether load current is continuous or hot ii) Find maximum and minimum value of output current	10
9, 4, 00, 6	iii) Find average value of output current	
Q.5	a) Explain bipolar and unipolar PWM techniques in case of inverter	10
Q.6	b) Explain the various filters used in inventers Derive the expressions for average output voltage, RMS supply current, RMS n th Harmonic current, displacement angle, supply power factor, displacement factor and harmonic factor in SPWM control scheme for improvement of power factor	10 20

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8185 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (Electrical Power Systems) Examination May/June 2017 **HVDC Transmission** (Revised)

[Time:ThreeHours] [Max Marks:80] Please check whether you have got the right question paper. i) Solve the two questions From each section. N.B

	ii) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.	CVXXXX
	Section A Section A	500
Q.1	a. Explain basis configuration of three phase converter. i.e. Graetz Bridge circuit. What are its objectives? Draw its output waveforms.	10
	b. Draw block diagram of current controller. How extinction angle control is achieved in it? Explain.	10
Q.2	a. What are the types of AC Filters? Explain any one in detail.	10
	b. What are the methods of control in MTDC system? Explain any one in detail.	10
Q .3	a. Discuss AC-DC systems in terms of Ac-DC interaction, Analysis & necessity of its modelling.	10
	b. What are the types of basic firing angle schemes? Explain in detail. Section B	10
Q.4	a. What are the causes and types of overvoltage occur in converter station? How overvoltage protection given in converter station? Explain.	10
	b. What is system simulation? Explain in terms of number of tools required, its requirement & design with number of system studies.	10
Q.5	a. what is non-characteristic harmonic? What are its sources & Causes? Explain effect of firing angle error an unbalanced voltage on it.	d 10
	b. What is the solution of AC-DC power flow? Explain.	10
Q.6	Solve the three	20
	a. Comparison of AC & DC transmission.	
	b. Need of PLC-RI filter & its carrier frequency	
	c. Specify area of application for MTDC system.	
	d Health Seath & constitute A Seath &	

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8191 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (EC/ECT/CE) Examination May/June 2017 Image & video Processing (Revised)

[Time :	Three I	Hours]	[Max Marks :80
		Please check whether you have got the right question paper.	
N.B		i. Q. No. 1 and 5 are compulsory.	(1) 00 (1) VA (1) 20 P
		ii. Solve any two questions from remaining questions in each sections.	
		Section A	
Q.1	a)	Explain Gibbs Random field in details.	05
	b)	Explain video segmentation in details.	05
Q.2	a)	Explain basic concept of multiscale image decompositions and wavelet	08
	b)	Explain Morphological filters in detail.	07
Q.3	a)	Explain image restoration algorithms in detail.	08
	b)	Explain image zooming in details.	07
Q.4	a)	Describe JPEG lossless image compression standards in details.	08
	b)	Draw and explain general lossless coding system.	07
		Section B	
Q.5	a)	Explain process of image scanning and sampling.	05
	b)	Explain MPEG- 1 standards in detail.	05
Q.6	a)	Explain finger – print as biometric in detail.	08
	b)	Explain image sampling and quantization.	07
Q.7	a)	Explain block diagram of generalized video compression system.	08
_	b)	Explain object based video coding with example.	07
Q.8	(a)	Explain the concept of video interpolation.	08
20,0	6 h)	Describe fundamental of Human percention and image quality	07

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M.E. (Electrical Power Systems) Examination May/June 2017 Flexible AC Transmission

(Revised)

[Tim	ne : Three Hours]	[Max Marks :80]
	Please check whether you have got the right question paper.	
N.B	i)Solve any two Questions from each section.	
	ii)Assume suitable data whether necessary.	
	Section A Section A	12 15 15 15 16, 10 16, 10 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
Q.1	a)What are the possible benefits from FACTS technology?	10
	b)With neat sketches explain the operation of STATCOM.	10
Q.2	a)What are the advantageous of TCSC & Explain the different mode of operation.	10
	b)Explain HVDC Vs FACTS in details.	10
Q.3	Write short note on any four	20
	i)Shunt compensator	
	ii)Role of SVC	
	iii)Basic types of FACTS controller	
	iv)Static VAR compensator	
	v)Thyristor switched series capacitor.	
	Section 'B'	
Q.4	a)Explain in details the phenomenon of sub-synchronous resonance (SSR).	10
	b)What is the Role of NGH-SSR Damping scheme as a FACTS controller in transmission line.	10
Q.5		10
	b)Explain the objectives of voltage and phase angle regulators.	10
Q.6	Write short note on any four.	20
	i)Hybrid phase angle regulators. ii)IPFC	
	iii)Thyristor controlled braking resistor.	
	iv)Switching convertor based voltage and phase.	
	v)Multifunctional FACTS controller.	

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8218 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (EC/CE/DC) Examination May/June 2017 Elective-II: Wireless communication Networks (Revised)

		(Kevised)	80000000000000000000000000000000000000
[Time :	Three H	ours]	[Max Marks :80]
N.B		Please check whether you have got the right question paper. i. Q.5 and Q.10 are compulsory. ii. Solve any two questions from Q.1, 2 3 & 4 in sections A. iii. Solve any two questions from Q.6, 7, 8, & 9 in section B. iv. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Section A	
Q.1	a) b)	Disuses interference and system capacity in cellular telephony. Explain interference suppression and power control in cellular telephony.	08 07
Q.2	a) b)	Explain the channel assignment schemes used is cellular telephony. Explain the transmission hierarchy in wireless network.	08 07
Q.3	a) b)	Discuss the wireless data series of wireless network. Explain wireless network protocol used for networks access.	08 07
Q.4	a) b)	What is a network? What are its types? Explain. Discuss physical and medium access control layers of a wireless LAN.	08 07
Q.5	Write s i. ii. iii.	short note on (any two) IEE802.II UMTS HIPERLAN	10
		Section B	
Q.6	a) b)	Discuss Bluetooth security. Discuss radio layer and baseband layer of Bluetooth.	08 07
0.7	a) b)	Explain traditional TCP. Explain TCP over 2.5/3G wireless networks.	08 07
Q.8	a) b)	Explain MAC layer scheduling and connection admission in mobile communication. Do the theoretical analysis of cellular mobile networks.	
Q.9	a) b)	Discuss link manager protocol in Bluetooth. Explain teletraffic modelling.	08 07
Q.10	i. V	short note on (any two) 802.15 Mobile IP DSR	10

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M.E. (Electrical Power Systems) Examination May/June 2017 Elective-II: Special Topics in Power System

(Revised)

[Time : Thr	ee Hours] [Max Mark	s :80]
N.B	Please check whether you have got the right question paper. i) Solve any two questions from each section. ii) Assume suitable data if required. iii) All questions carry equal marks. Section A	
Q.1	 a) Explain in detail following power quality problems with their causes and effects on power systems. 1) Sag 2) Swell 3) Harmonics 4) Transients 5) Under voltage & Overvoltage 	10
	b) Explain in detail various harmonics creating loads.c) Explain in detail propagation of harmonics in power system.	05 05
Q.2	a) Explain in detail series & parallel resonance condition occurring in power system.b) Explain in detail various mitigation techniques of harmonics.	10 10
Q.3	 a) Define reliability & explain in general reliability function. b) Explain in detail Markov process. c) Explain in detail generation reliability & distribution system reliability. 	05 05 10
, (S	Section B	
Q.4	a) Explain in detail functions of SCADA system.b) Explain in detail common features of to all SCADA systems.	10 10
Q.5	a) Explain in detail alarm function, security control ad control actions during various operating states of power system.	10
	b) Explain in detail integration of measurement control and protection functions by SCADA system.	10
Q.6	a) Explain in detail with diagram the utilization of SCADA system in substation.b) Explain in detail SCADA system configurations.	10 10

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8269 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (Electronics) Examination May/June 2017 Digital System Design (Revised)

Limie	Timee nouisj	5 :00
N.B	Please check whether you have got the right question paper. i)Q.1 and Q.5 is compulsory ii)And solve any two questions from each section from remaining. iii)Assume suitable additional data if necessary. Section A	
Q.1	Design a synchronous JK Flip-Flop CKT having one input and one output. The CKT outputs a 1, whenever	10
	three consecutive 1's are observed, otherwise output will be '0'.	
Q.2	a) Explain how the ASM chart differs from a conventional flow chart.	07
	b)Describe the structural modeling.s	08
Q.3	Plot the k-map of the function $f(A,B,C,D) = \Sigma 0,2,4,6,8,9,11,12,14,15$ & determine hazard free implementation using i)NAND gates ii)NOR gates.	15
Q.4	Define fundamental mode circuits, what do you understand by critical & non-critical races? How can a critical race be prevented in the design of a CKT?	ıl 15
	Section B	
Q.5	Explain single & multiple stack-fault model with example.	10
Q.6	a) Design serial adder. Using JK Flip-Flop. b) Explain Fast adder.	10 05
Q.7	For the CKT shown in fig generate a test for the fault g-s-a-1. Determine all the other faults detected by this	15
α.,	test.	13
	a = a + b	
	b — Description of the control of th	
Q		
CONT.		
125 20 L		
Q.8	Write short note on	07

b)Describe PAL with example.

80

Total No. of Printed Pages:1

SUBJECT CODE NO:- P-8276 FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY M.E. (EC/ECT/CE/ES) Examination May/June 2017 VLSI Design (El-I on EC/ECT/CE) (Revised)

[Time: Three Hours] [Max Marks:80] Please check whether you have got the right question paper. N.B i) Attempt any two questions from each section. ii) Assume suitable data wherever necessary. Section A a) Explain the following terms of second order effects. Q.1 10 (i) Body effect (ii) Mobility variation (iii) Channel length modulation (iv) Sub-threshold conduction b) Explain power dissipation in CMOS circuits in detail 10 Q.2 a) Draw CMOS NAND gate. Describe DC characteristics, multi input NAND gate and propagation time delay. 10 b) Write short notes on 10 (i) Static and dynamic design strategies (ii) Differential inverter Q.3 a) Describe design techniques for large fan-in and optimizing performance for combinational network in static 10 COMS design. b) Explain following terms of BICMOS inverter 10 i) Switching characteristics ii) Wide swing BICMOS inverter Section B a) Describe dynamic Latches & Registers-c²mos 10 Q.4 b) What are the properties of Schmitt trigger? What is main use of Schmitt trigger? How to implement Schmitt 10 trigger in CMOS? Explain with diagram. a) How to minimizing the power consumption by using parallelism? Q.5 10 b) Describe power and speed trade-off in data path structures in details. 10 Q.6 a) Explain memory architecture and building blocks with diagram. 10 b) Write short not on 10 (i) The address Decoders (ii) Non-volatile read-write memories